#### TWO-DAY SHORT COURSE, Saturday and Sunday 14 Case Studies in Quantitative Proteomics

#### Instructors









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## **ABRF iPRG Study 2015**

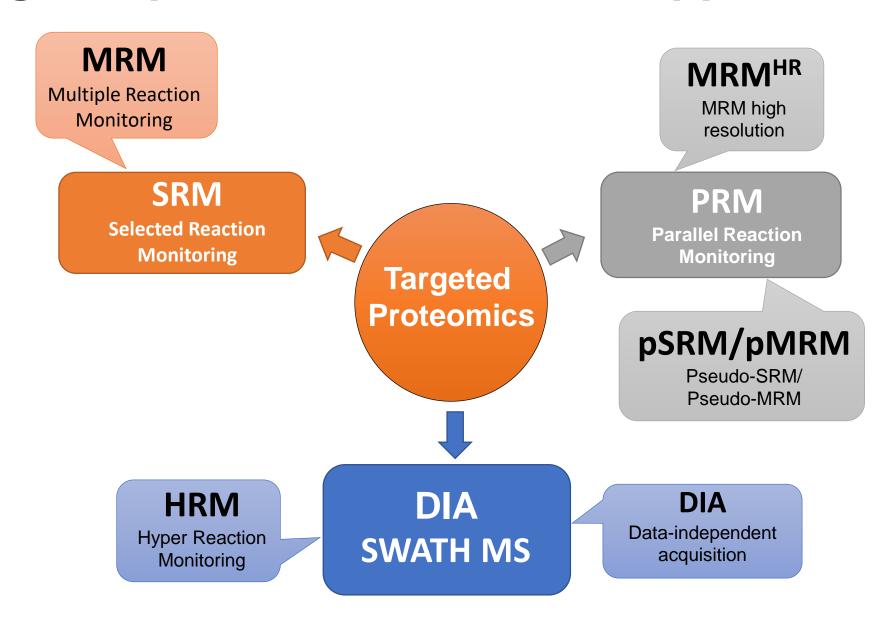
### Detection of differentially abundant proteins in controlled mixture

				Samples			
	Name	Origin	Molecular Weight	1	2	3	4
$\overline{A}$	Ovalbumin	Chicken Egg White	45KD	65	55	15	2
В	Myoglobin	Equine Heart	17KD	55	15	2	65
$\overline{C}$	Phosphorylase b	Rabbit Muscle	97KD	15	2	65	55
D	Beta-Galactosidase	Escherichia Coli	116KD	2	65	55	15
$\overline{E}$	Bovine Serum Albumin	Bovine Serum	66KD	11	0.6	10	500
$\overline{F}$	Carbonic Anhydrase	Bovine Erythrocytes	29KD	10	500	11	0.6

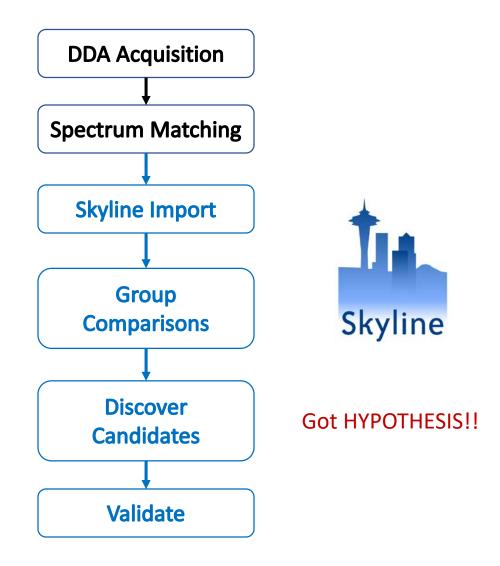
Spiked into a constant background: tryptic digests of S. cerevisiae

- ◆ Three technical replicates per sample
  - ◆ Thermo nLC 1000 system
  - ◆ 110-min linear gradient
- DDA profile mode in Orbitrap
- Data processing with Skyline

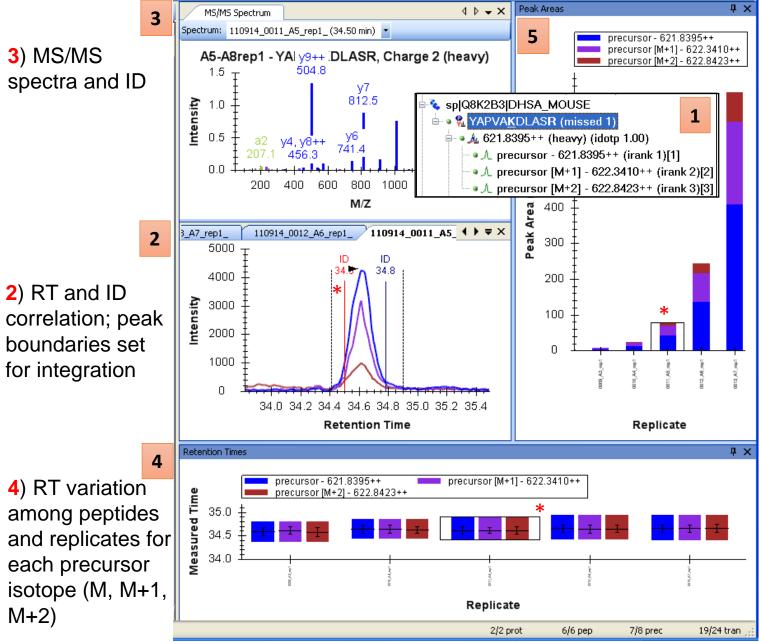
## Targeted proteomics – various approaches



# Discovery to Targeted with Skyline



# Skyline interface for MS1 Filtering data

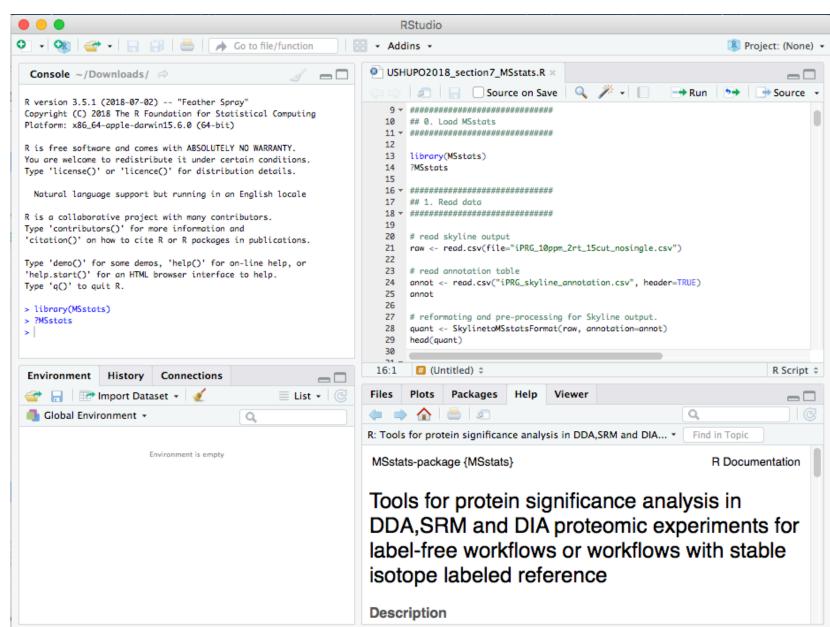


- 5) M, M+1,M+2 precursor peak areas
- 1) Peptide 'tree' with precursors
- irank
- idotp

# Statistical analysis by MSstats in R







# Differentially abundant proteins across conditions

